

GCSE · Edexcel · Maths



Exam Questions

Linear Graphs

Equations of Straight Lines (y = mx + c) / Drawing Straight Line Graphs / Parallel Lines

Total Marks	/69
Hard (8 questions)	/33
Medium (9 questions)	/19
Easy (6 questions)	/17

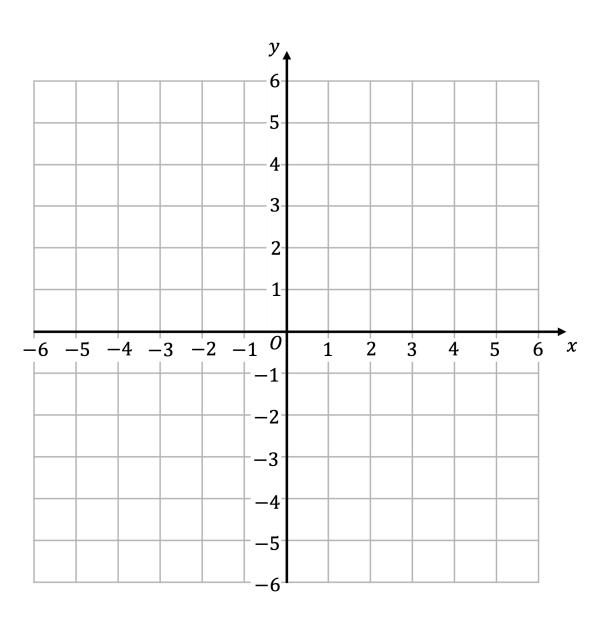
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Easy Questions

1



On the grid,

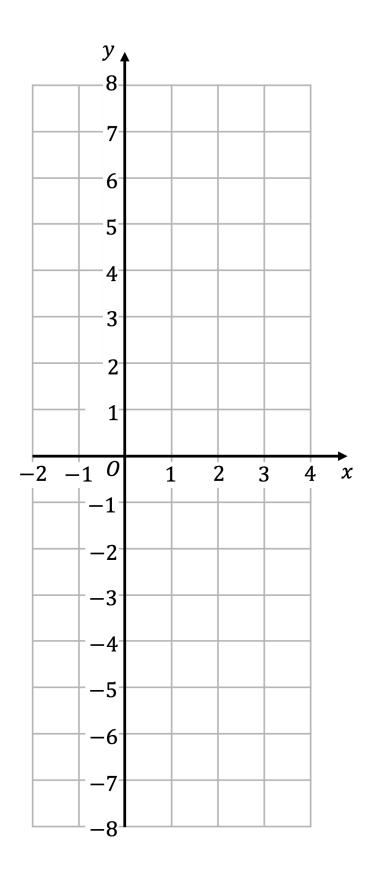
- i) draw the line x = 5
- ii) draw the line y = -3

(2 marks)

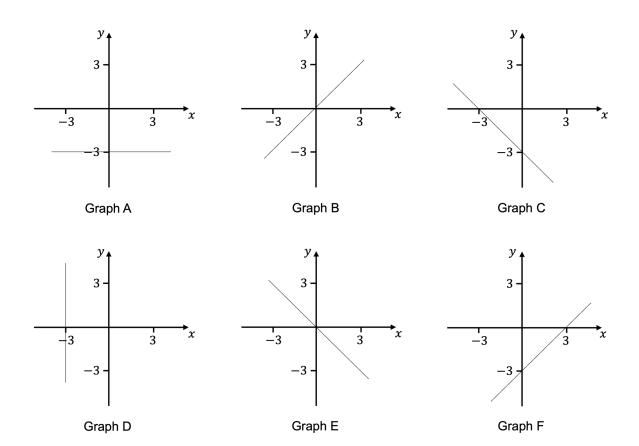
2 (a) Complete the table of values for y = 3x - 2

X	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
у		-5				7

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of y = 3x - 2 for values of x from -2 to 3.



3 Here are six straight line graphs.



Match each equation in the table to the correct graph. Write the letter of the graph in the table.

Equation	Graph
y = -x	
y=-3	
y=x-3	

4 (a) Write down the gradient of the line y = 2x - 3.

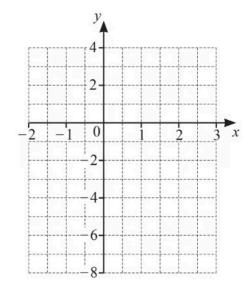
(1 mark)

(b) Complete the table of values for y = 2x - 3

y y	

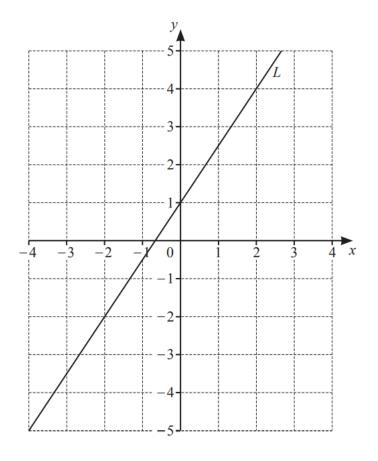
(2 marks)

(c) On the grid, draw the graph of y=2x-3 for $-2 \le x \le 3$.



(1 mark)

5 (a) The line ${\cal L}$ is shown on the grid.



Find the gradient of the line ${\cal L}.$

(2 marks)

(b) Find the equation of the line L in the form y = mx + c.

(1 mark)

6 (a) For the line y = 4x - 6, write down the gradient.

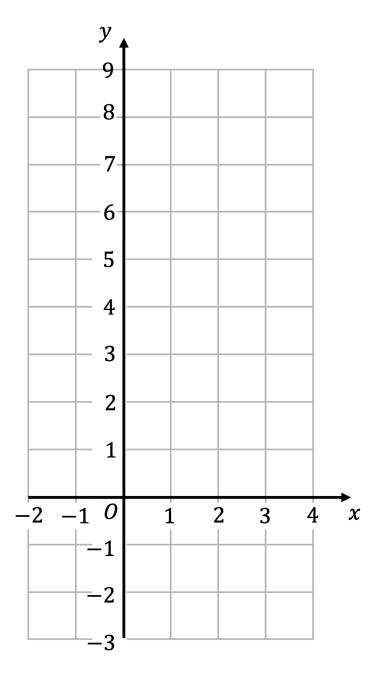
(1 mark)

(b) Write down the y-intercept.

(1 mark)

Medium Questions

1 On the grid below, draw the graph of y = 5 - 2x for values of x from -2 to 4.

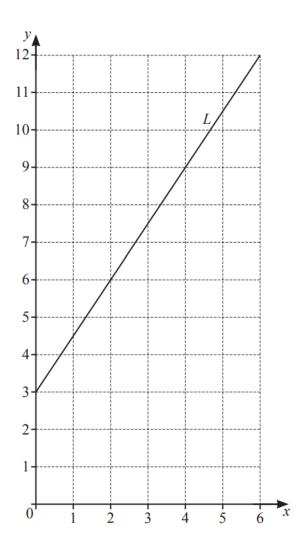


(3 marks)

2 Show that the point (4, 11) lies on the line y = 3x - 1

(2 marks)

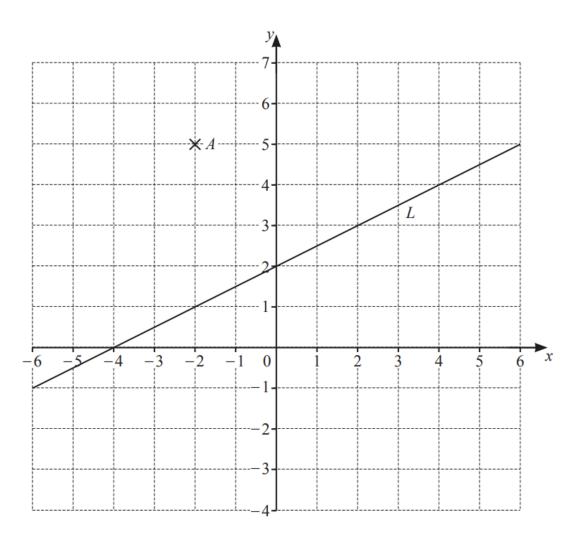
3



Find the equation of line L in the form y = mx + c.

y =

4



i) Write down the coordinates of point $oldsymbol{A}$.

[1]

ii) On the grid, plot the point (2, -3).

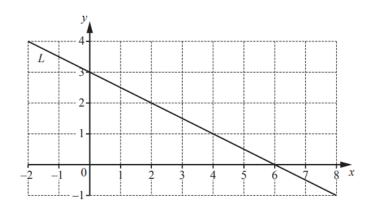
[1]

iii) The line ${\cal L}$ is shown on the grid.

Find the equation of the line L in the form y = mx + c.

5 Find the co-ordinates of the point where the line y = 3x - 8 crosses the *y*-axis.

6



Line L is drawn on the grid.

Find the equation of line L.

Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

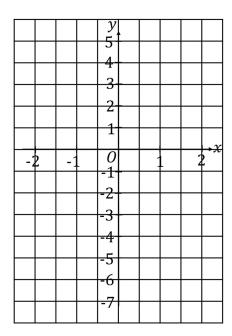
$$y = \dots$$

(3 marks)

7 A line, M, has the equation y = 8x + 3.

Write down the equation of the line parallel to line M that passes through the point (0, 6).

8 On the grid, draw the graph of y = 3x - 1 for values of x from -2 to 2



(3 marks)

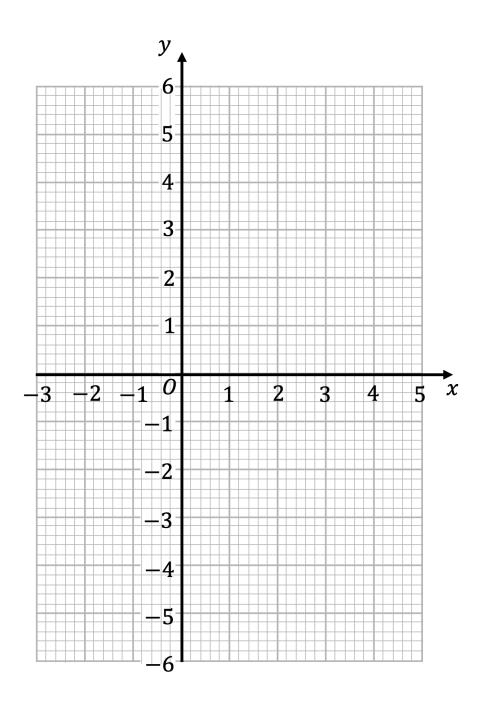
9 Write down the gradient of a line with equation 3x + 2y = 12.

Hard Questions

1 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = 2 - \frac{3}{2}x$

X	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
У		3.5			-1		-4

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 2 - \frac{3}{2}x$

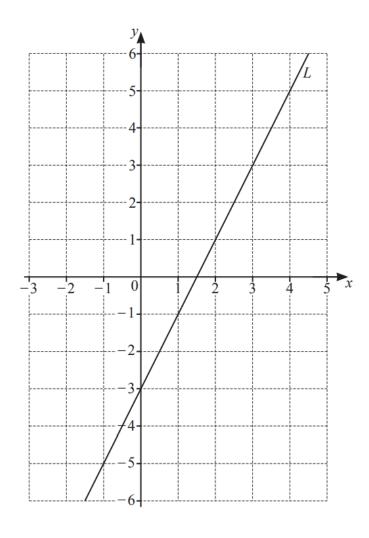


(2 marks)

(c) Use your graph to find the value of x when y = -3.4(1 mark)

2	Write down the equation of the line parallel to $y = 5x + 6$ that passes through (0, -7).
	<i>y</i> =
	(1 mark
3 (a)	A straight line, I , has equation $y = 5x + 12$
	Write down the gradient of line $\it I$.
	(1 mark
(b)	Find the coordinates of the point where line $\it I$ crosses the $\it x$ -axis.
	(2 marks

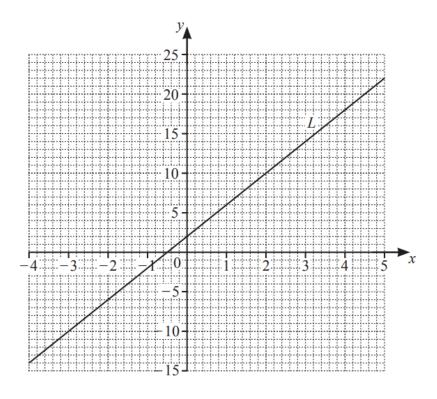
4



Find the equation of line L in the form y = mx + c

<i>y</i> =			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
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5 (a) The line L is shown on the grid.



Find the equation of the line L in the form y = mx + c.

y =	
,	

(3 marks)

- **(b)** The equation of a different line is y = 3x 4.
 - i) Write down the gradient of this line.

[1]

ii) Write down the co-ordinates of the point where this line crosses the y-axis.

[1]

(2 marks)

(c) On the grid, draw the graph of y = -2x + 1 for $-4 \le x \le 5$.

(3 marks)

6 i) Write down the co-ordinates of the point where the line y = 6x - 3 crosses the *y*-axis.

[1]

- ii) Write down the equation of the straight line that
 - passes through the origin

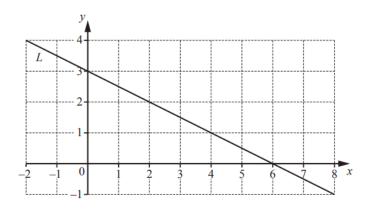
and

• is parallel to y = 6x - 3.

[1]

(2 marks)

7 (a)



Line \boldsymbol{L} is drawn on the grid.

Find the equation of line L.

Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

(3 marks)

(b) The points (9, *a*) and (*b*, 3) lie on the line $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 7$.

Work out the value of

i) a,

 $a = \dots [2]$

ii) b.

 $b = \dots [2]$

(4 marks)

8 A, B, C and D are four equations of straight line graphs.

$$A \qquad y = -3x + 4$$

$$C \qquad y = 3x - 4$$

$$D \qquad y = -4x - 3$$

- i) Write down the letter of the graph that
- a) passes through the point (1, -1),

b) has a y- intercept of 4,

[1]

c) has a gradient of -4.

[1]

- ii) The point (p, -26) lies on the line y = -3x + 4. Work out the value of p.
- *p* =[2]

(5 marks)