

GCSE · Edexcel · Maths

4 hours

? 56 questions

Exam Questions

Linear Graphs

Equations of Straight Lines (y = mx + c) / Drawing Straight Line Graphs / Parallel Lines / Perpendicular Lines

Total Marks	/213
Very Hard (12 questions)	/65
Hard (14 questions)	/60
Medium (17 questions)	/57
Easy (13 questions)	/31

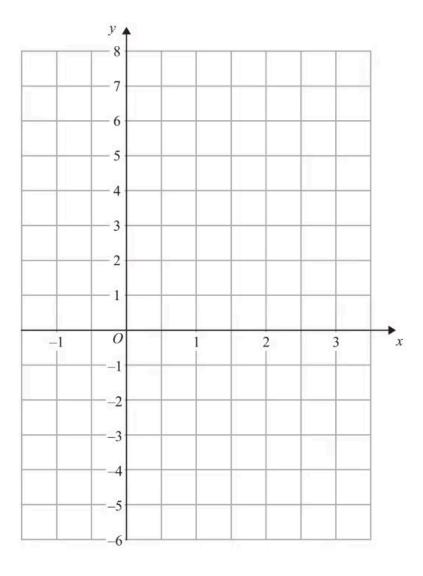
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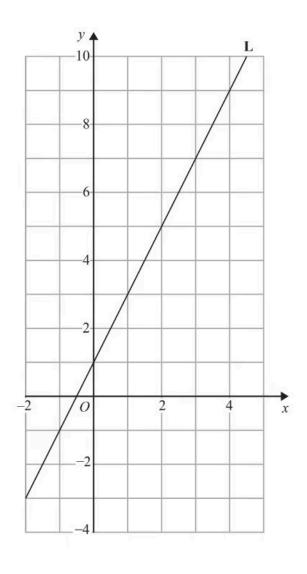


Easy Questions

1 On the grid, draw the graph of y = 3x - 2 for values of x from -1 to 3

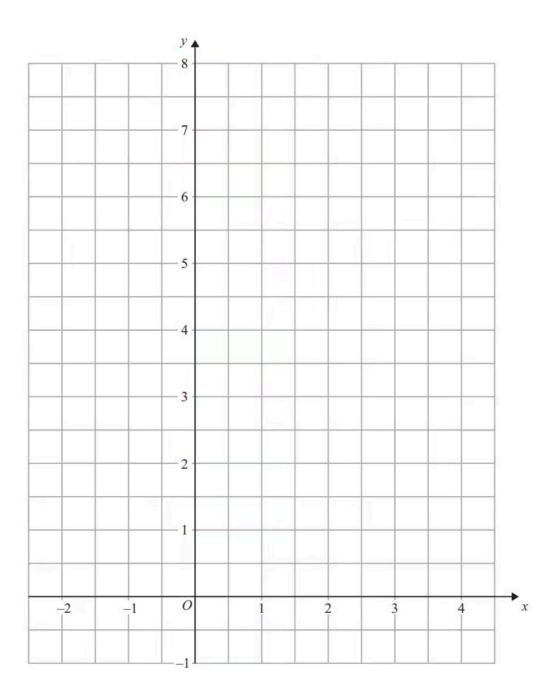


 $\boldsymbol{2}$ $\,$ Line \boldsymbol{L} is drawn on the grid below.



Find the equation for the straight line $\boldsymbol{L}.$ Give your answer in the form y = mx + c

3 On the grid, draw the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 5$ for values of x from -2 to 4



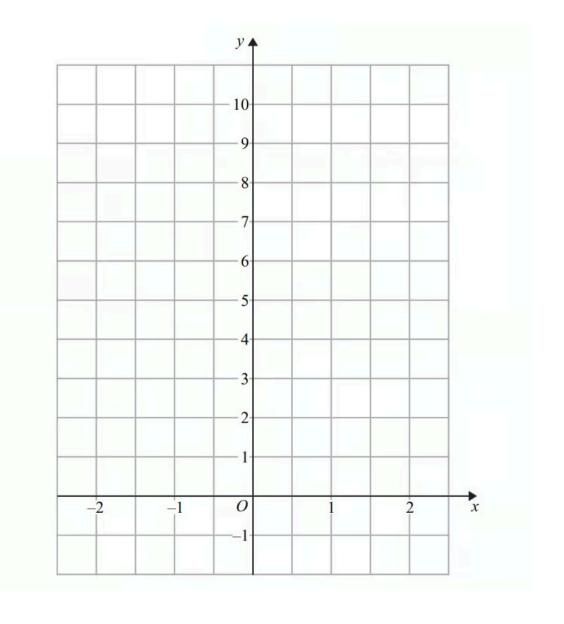
(3 marks)

4 (a) Complete the table of values for y = 2x + 5

X	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	1		5		

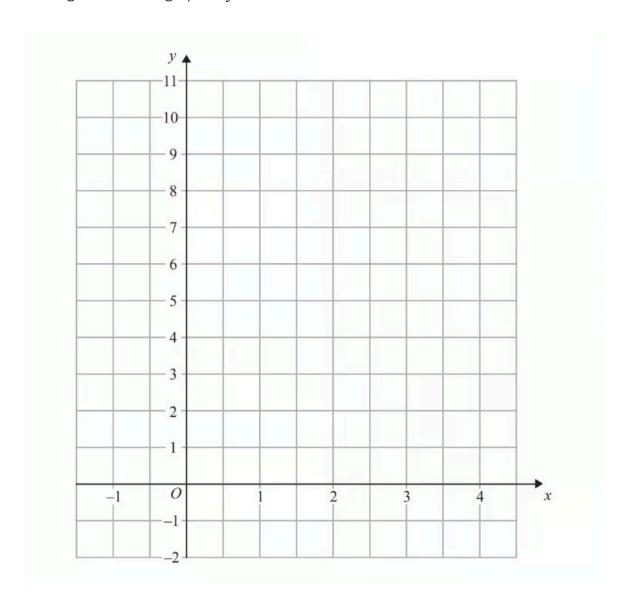
(2 marks)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of y = 2x + 5 for values of x from x = -2 to x = 2

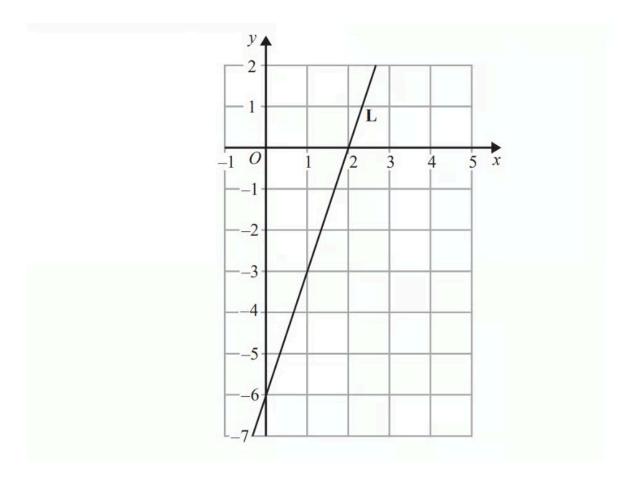


(2 marks)

5 On the grid, draw the graph of y = 8 - 2x for values of x from -1 to 4

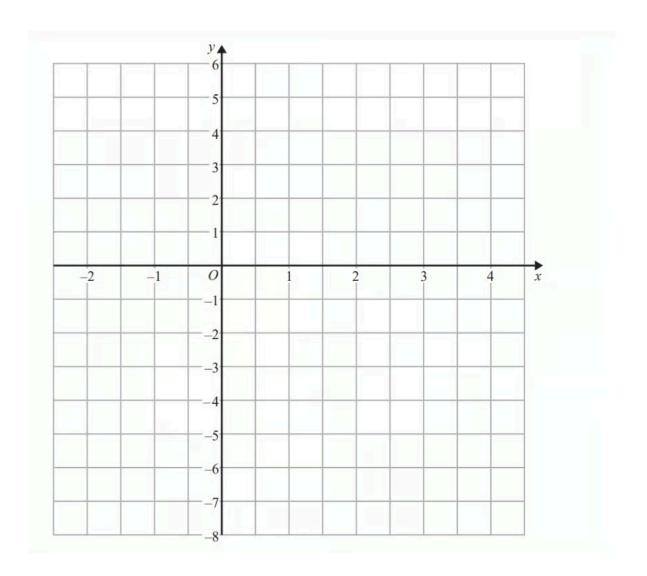


 $\textbf{6} \ \ \text{The line } L \text{ is shown on the grid}.$



Find an equation for $\boldsymbol{L}.$

7 On the grid below, draw the graph of y = 2x - 3 for values of x from -2 to 4



(3 marks)

8 The straight line **L** has equation 2y + 7x = 10

Find the coordinates of the point where \boldsymbol{L} crosses the y-axis.

(1 mark)

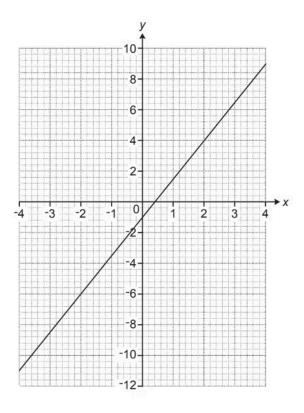
9 Write down an equation of the straight line with gradient –3 and which passes through the point with coordinates (0, 5).

(2 marks)

10 Write down an equation of a line that is parallel to the line with equation y = 7 - 4x

(1 mark)

11 (a) This graph shows part of a straight line.



Show that the gradient of the line is 2.5.

(1 mark)

(b) Write down the equation of the line.

(2 marks)

12 A line has equation 3y = 3x - 2

Choose the coordinates of the intercept of the line with the y-axis.

A. (0, 1)

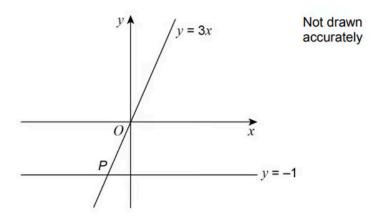
B.
$$(0, -1)$$

$$\mathbf{C.}\left(0,\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

D.
$$\left(0, -\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

(1 mark)

13 Two straight lines intersect at point P.



Choose the coordinates of P.

A.
$$(-3, -1)$$

B.
$$\left(-1, -\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

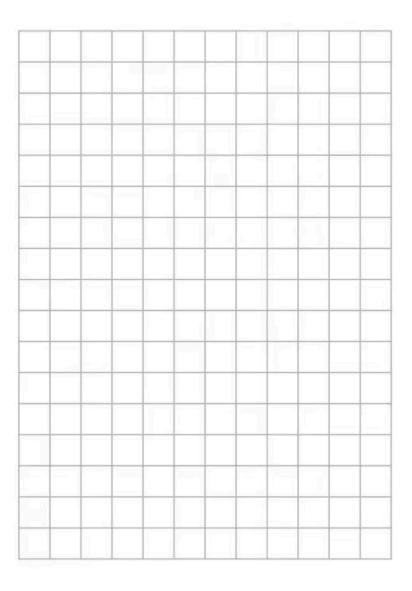
C.
$$(-1, -3)$$

D.
$$\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -1\right)$$

(1 mark)

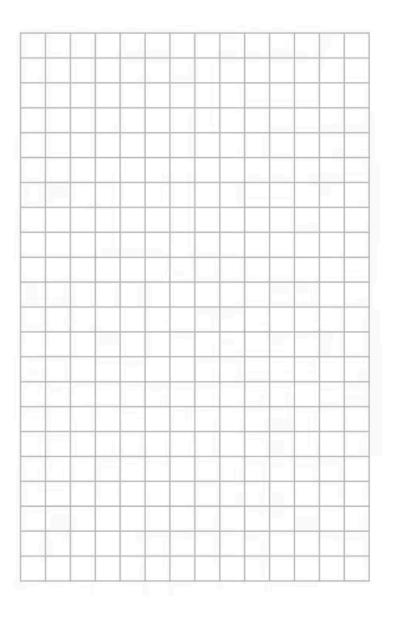
Medium Questions

1 On the grid, draw the graph of y = 2x - 3 for values of x from -2 to 3



(4 marks)

2 On the grid, draw the graph of y = 3x + 2 for values of x from -2 to 2



(4 marks)

3 The equation of the line
$$L_1$$
 is $y = 3x - 2$
The equation of the line L_2 is $3y - 9x + 5 = 0$

Show that these two lines are parallel.

(2 marks)

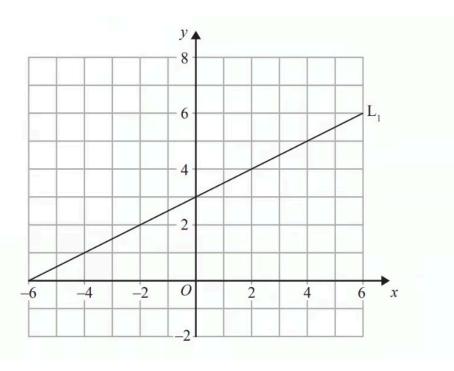
4 \mathbf{L}_1 and \mathbf{L}_2 are parallel lines.

The equation of \mathbf{L}_1 is y = 3x + 2 $\boldsymbol{L}_{\!2}$ passes through the point (3, 4).

Find an equation for ${f L}_{\! 2}.$

(3 marks)

 $\label{eq:continuous_problem} \textbf{5} \quad \text{The diagram shows a straight line, L_1, drawn on a grid.}$



A straight line, $\boldsymbol{L}_{\!\!2}$, is parallel to the straight line $\boldsymbol{L}_{\!\!1}$ and passes through the point (0, -5).

Find an equation of the straight line $\boldsymbol{L}_{\!2}.$

6 Work out an equation of the straight line that passes through (9, 2) and (3, 5)

(3 marks)

7 (a) The line I_1 has equation 3x + 5y - 2 = 0

Find the gradient of l_1 .

(2 marks)

(b) The line I_2 is perpendicular to I_1 and passes through the point (3, 1).

Find the equation of l_2 in the form y = mx + c, where m and c are constants.

(3 marks)

8 The straight line $\mathbf{L_1}$ has equation x + 2y = 4

The straight line \mathbf{L}_2 passes through the points (-1, -7) and (7, 9)Michael says that the lines $oldsymbol{L_1}$ and $oldsymbol{L_2}$ are perpendicular.

Is Michael correct?

You must show clearly how you get your answer.

9 The straight line \mathbf{L}_1 has equation 2y = 6x - 5

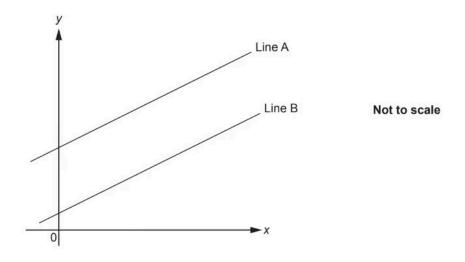
The straight line $f L_2$ is perpendicular to $f L_1$ and passes through the point (9 , -1)

Find an equation for L_2

Give your answer in the form ay + bx = c

(4 marks)

10 The graph shows two parallel lines, Line A and Line B.



Line A has equation y = 6x + 7. Line B passes through the point (4, 26).

Find the equation of Line B.

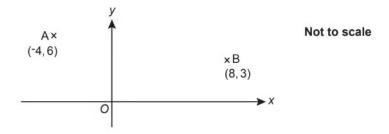
(4 marks)

11 A straight line passes through the point (0, 6) and is perpendicular to y = 4x - 5.

Find the equation of this line, giving your answer in the form y = mx + c.

(3 marks)

12 (a) Point A has coordinates (-4, 6) and point B has coordinates (8, 3).



i) Find the gradient of line AB.

[2]

ii) Find the equation of line AB.

[2]

(4 marks)

(b) Point P has coordinates (0, -2).

Write down the equation of the line parallel to line AB that passes through P.

(2 marks)

13 Show that line 3y = 4x - 14 is perpendicular to line 4y = -3x + 48.

(4 marks)

14 The equation of a straight line is 3x + 2y = 24

Choose the point where the line crosses the x-axis.

- **A.** (0, 8)
- **B.** (12, 0)
- **C.** (0, 12)
- **D.** (8, 0)

(1 mark)

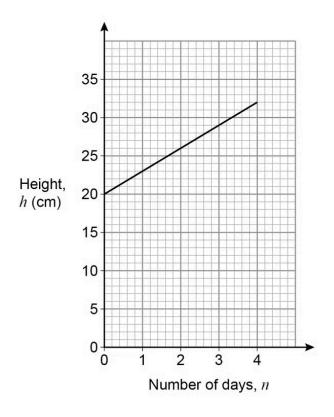
15 A straight line has gradient 6 and passes through the point (3, 19).

Work out the equation of the line.

Give your answer in the form y = mx + c

16 Jim buys a plant of height 20 cm.

The graph shows how the height of the plant changes during the next 4 days.



Work out a formula for h in terms of n.

(3 marks)

17 The equation of the line L_1 is y = 4x - 5.

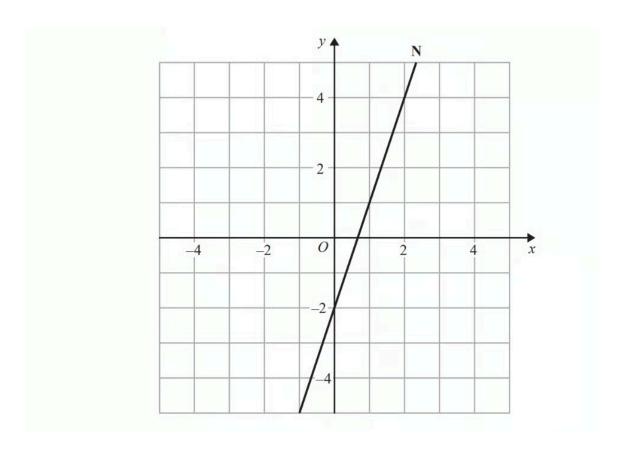
The equation of the line L_2 is 3y - 12x + 7 = 0.

Show that these two lines are parallel.

(2 marks)

Hard Questions

1 The line \mathbf{N} is drawn below.



Find an equation of the line perpendicular to line $\mathbf N$ that passes through the point (0, 1).

(3 marks)

2 The straight line **L** has equation 4x + y = 7

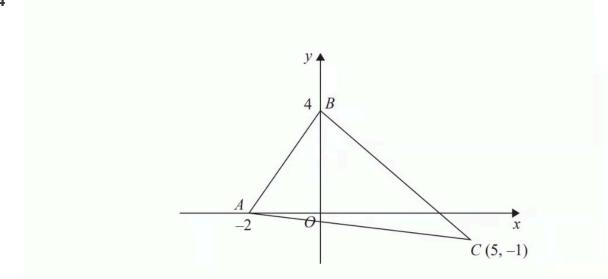
Find an equation of the straight line perpendicular to ${\bf L}$ that passes through (-8, 3).

(4 marks)

3 The straight line ${\bf L}$ has the equation 3y=4x+7 The point ${\bf A}$ has coordinates (3, -5) Find an equation of the straight line that is perpendicular to ${\bf L}$ and passes through A.

(3 marks)

4



Find an equation of the line that passes through ${\bf C}$ and is perpendicular to AB.

(4 marks)

5 (a) The line L has equation y = 5 - 2x.

Show that the point P(3, -1) lies on L.

(1 mark)

(b) Find an equation of the line perpendicular to L , which passes through P. Give your answer in the form ax + by + c = 0, where a, b and c are integers.

(4 marks)

6 (a) The line I_1 has equation y = -2x + 3The line I_2 is perpendicular to I_1 and passes through the point (5,6).

Find an equation for l_2 in the form ax + by + c = 0, where a, b and c are integers.

(3 marks)

(b) The line I_2 crosses the x-axis at the point A and the y-axis at the point B.

Find the x-coordinate of A and the y-coordinate of B.

(2 marks)

(c) Given that O is the origin,

find the area of the triangle OAB.

(2 marks)

7 The points P and Q have coordinates (-1, 6) and (9, 0) respectively.

The line I is perpendicular to PQ and passes through the midpoint of PQ.

Find an equation for *1*.

8 A is the point with coordinates (1,3)

B is the point with coordinates (4, -1)The straight line L goes through both A and B.

Is the line with equation 2y = 3x - 4 perpendicular to line L? You must show how you got your answer.

(4 marks)

9 The straight line $\bf L$ passes through the points (4, -1) and (6, 4)

The straight line ${\bf M}$ is perpendicular to ${\bf L}$ and intersects the y-axis at the point (0, 8)

Find the coordinates of the point where \mathbf{M} intersects the x-axis.

(4 marks)

10 ABCD is a rhombus.

The diagonals, AC and BD, intersect at the point M. The coordinates of M are (6, -11)

The points A and C both lie on the line with equation 2y + 7x = 20

Find the exact coordinates of the point where the line through B and D intersects the y - axis.

(4 marks)

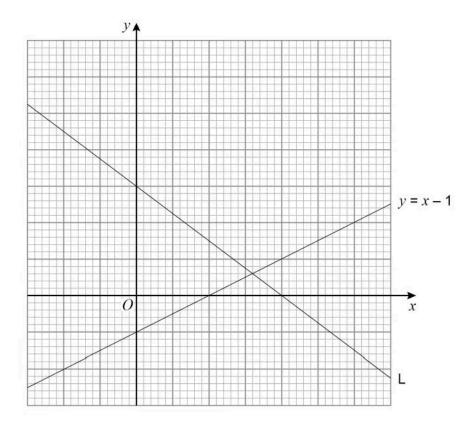
11 P is the point (0, -1) and Q is the point (5, 9).

Find the equation of the line through P that is perpendicular to the line PQ.

(5 marks)

12 Here is line L and the graph of y = x - 1

The scales of the axes are not shown.



Work out the equation of line L.

(4 marks)

13 (a) Show that the lines y = 3x + 7 and 2y - 6x = 8 are parallel.

Do **not** use a graphical method.

(b)	Is the point (–5, –6) above, below or on the line $y = 3x + 7$?
	Tick one box.
	☐ Above ☐ Below ☐ On the line
	You must show your working. Do not use a graphical method. (2 marks)
14	The straight line L has equation $3y = 2x - 11$
	Find an equation of the straight line perpendicular to $\bf L$ that passes through $(-3,6)$

Very Hard Questions

1 (a)

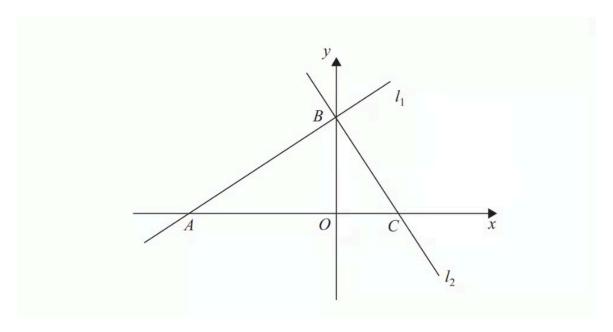


Figure 1

The line I_1 has equation 2x - 3y + 12 = 0

Find the gradient of l_1 .

(1 mark)

(b) The line I_1 crosses the x-axis at the point A and the y-axis at the point B, as shown in Figure 1.

The line \boldsymbol{I}_2 is perpendicular to \boldsymbol{I}_1 and passes through $\boldsymbol{B}.$

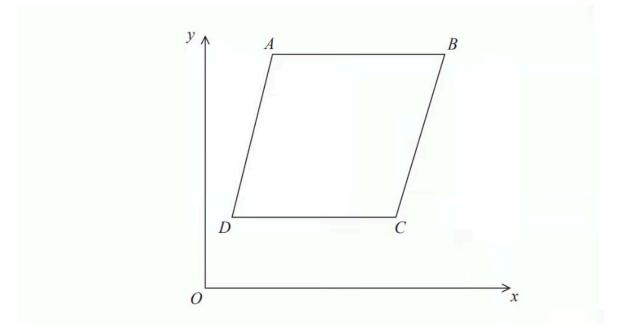
Find an equation of l_2 .

(c) The line \boldsymbol{I}_2 crosses the \boldsymbol{x} -axis at the point \boldsymbol{C} .

Find the area of triangle ABC.

(4 marks)

2



ABCD is a rhombus.

The coordinates of A are (5,11)

The equation of the diagonal DB is $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 6$

Find an equation of the diagonal AC.

(4 marks)

3 (a)

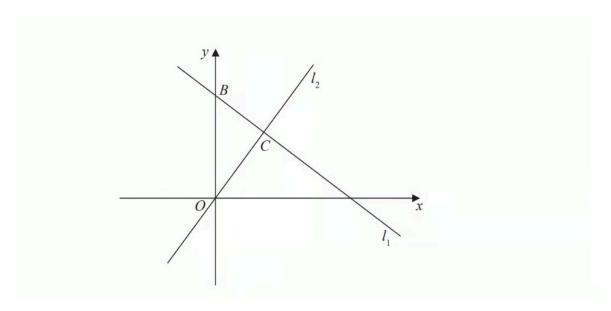


Figure 2

The line I_1 , shown in Figure 2 has equation 2x + 3y = 26The line $\boldsymbol{I_2}$ passes through the origin \boldsymbol{O} and is perpendicular to $\boldsymbol{I_1}$

Find an equation for the line ${\cal I}_2$

(4 marks)

(b) The line I_2 intersects the line I_1 at the point C. Line I_1 crosses the y-axis at the point Bas shown in Figure 2.

Find the area of triangle *OBC*.

Give your answer in the form $\frac{a}{b}$, where a and b are integers to be determined.

(6 marks)

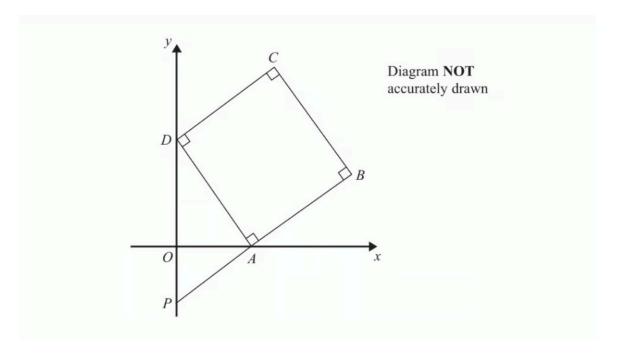
4 The point P has coordinates (3, 4)The point Q has coordinates (a, b)

A line perpendicular to PQ is given by the equation 3x + 2y = 7

Find an expression for b in terms of a.

(5 marks)

5



ABCD is a square.

 ${\it P}$ and ${\it D}$ are points on the ${\it y}$ -axis.

A is a point on the x-axis.

PAB is a straight line.

The equation of the line that passes through the points A and D is y = -2x + 6Find the length of *PD*.

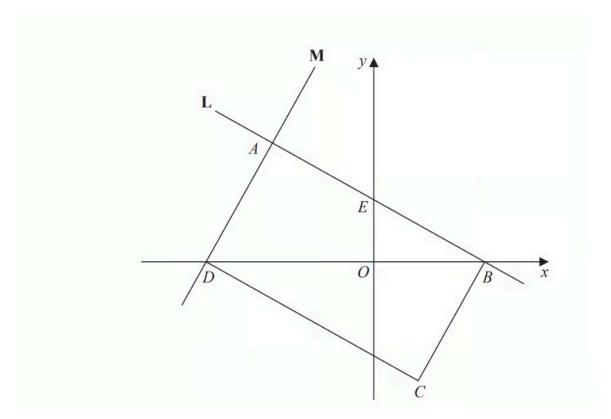
(4 marks)

6 A(-2, 1), B(6, 5) and C(4, k) are the vertices of a right-angled triangle ABC. Angle ABC is the right angle.

Find an equation of the line that passes through A and C. Give your answer in the form ay + bx = c where a, b and c are integers. 7 The points A and B have coordinates (3, 4) and (7, -6) respectively. The straight line Ipasses through A and is perpendicular to AB. Find an equation for I, giving your answer in the form ax + by + c = 0, where a, b and c are integers.

(4 marks)

8



ABCD is a rectangle.

A , E and B are points on the straight line ${\bf L}$ with equation x + 2y = 12 A and D are points on the straight line $\boldsymbol{M}.$

$$AE = EB$$

Find an equation for ${f M}.$

(4 marks)

9 ABC is an isosceles triangle with AB = AC.

B is the point with coordinates (–1, 5)

C is the point with coordinates (2, 10)

M is the midpoint of BC.

Find an equation of the line through the points A and M.

Give your answer in the form py + qx = r where p, q and r are integers.

(5 marks)

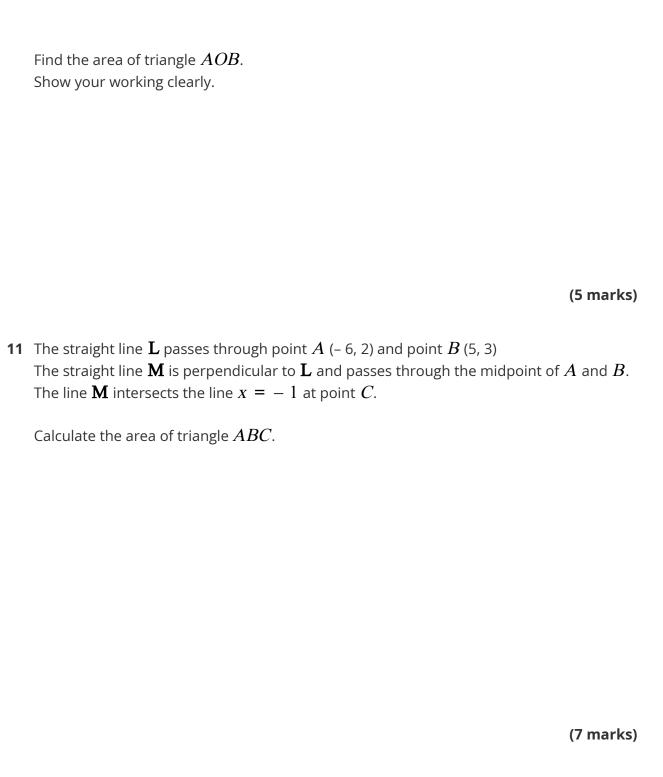
10 $\mathbf{L_1}$ and $\mathbf{L_2}$ are two straight lines. The origin of the coordinate axes is O.

 $\mathbf{L_1}$ has equation 5x + 10y = 8

 $\boldsymbol{L_2}$ is perpendicular to $\boldsymbol{L_1}$ and passes through the point with coordinates (8, 6)

 $\mathbf{L_2}$ crosses the x-axis at the point A .

 \mathbf{L}_2 intersects the straight line with equation x=-3 at the point B.



12 Line A has equation y = 4x - 1

Line B is perpendicular to line A and passes through the point (8, 5)

Work out the coordinates of the point where line B intersects the x-axis.

(4 marks)

